Government of India
Earth System Science Organization
Ministry of Earth Sciences
India Meteorological Department

Press Release: Dated: 05 November 2026

Subject: Current Weather Status and Extended Range Forecast for the next two weeks (05th to 18th November 2026)

1. Salient Observed Features for the week ending 04 November 2026:

- **Formation of second cyclone of the year – "Murasu" over the Bay of Bengal:** Under the influence of an upper air cyclonic circulation over south Andaman Sea & neighbourhood, a Low Pressure Area formed over the same region in the morning hours of 29th October. It lay as a Well-Marked Low Pressure Area over southeast Bay of Bengal and adjoining areas of Andaman Sea & Andaman & Nicobar Islands in the morning hours of 31st October and concentrated into a Depression in the forenoon hours of 31st October over the same region near latitude 10.0°N and 90.2°E, about 330 km west-southwest of Sri Vijayapuram. It moved west-northwestwards, intensified into a Deep Depression in the morning hours of 01st November over southeast & adjoining southwest Bay of Bengal, near Latitude 11.5°N and Longitude 86.4°E, about 700 km east-southeast of Chennai (Tamil Nadu). Continuing to moved west-northwestwards, it further intensified into the **Cyclonic Storm "Murasu" [Pronunciation: Murasu]** in the forenoon hours of 01st November over southwest & adjoining westcentral Bay of Bengal, near Latitude 12.1°N and Longitude 85.3°E, about 560 km east-southeast of Chennai (Tamil Nadu). It intensified into a Severe Cyclonic Storm in the afternoon hours of 2nd November over westcentral & adjoining southwest Bay of Bengal near Latitude 13.6°N and Longitude 82.5°E, about 260 km east-northeast of Chennai (Tamil Nadu). It crossed south Andhra Pradesh coast between Nellore and Narsapur, near Latitude 15.53°N and Longitude 80.22°E, close to Ongole (Andhra Pradesh), about 40 km southwest of Bapatla (Andhra Pradesh), 80 km north-northeast of Kavali (Andhra Pradesh) between 0330 and 0530 hrs IST of 3rd November as a Severe Cyclonic Storm with maximum sustain wind speed of 100-110 kmph gusting to 120 kmph. It weakened into a Cyclonic Storm in the afternoon hours of 03rd November over south Coastal Andhra Pradesh, near Latitude 16.0°N and Longitude 80.1°E about 40 km west-northwest of Bapatla (Andhra Pradesh), 60 km north of Ongole. It slowly moved north-northwestwards, weakened into a Deep Depression during night hours of 03rd November over Coastal Andhra Pradesh, near Latitude 16.3°N and Longitude 80.0°E, about 70 km west-southwest of Vijayawada (Andhra Pradesh), 60 km south-southwest of Nandigama (Andhra Pradesh), further weakened into a Depression during morning hours of 04th November over east Telangana & adjoining Coastal Andhra Pradesh near Latitude 17.0°N and Longitude 80.1°E, about 30 km northwest of Nandigama (Andhra Pradesh), 30 km south of Khammam (Telangana), and weakened into a Well-Marked Low Pressure Area over the same region during forenoon hours of 4th November.

  It caused isolated **extremely heavy rainfall** over Coastal Andhra Pradesh & Yanam on 3rd & 4th November, Telangana on 4th November. **Very heavy rainfall** recorded at isolated places over Andaman & Nicobar Islands on 31st October, Tamil Nadu, Puducherry & Karaikal on 2nd November.

- Last week's **Deep Depression (Remnant of Very Severe Cyclonic Storm "Arnab")** over north Coastal Andhra Pradesh & adjoining areas of south Odisha, south Chhattisgarh and northeast Telangana moved nearly northwards and weakened into a Depression in the morning hours of 29th October over south Chhattisgarh & adjoining south Odisha near latitude 19.0°N and longitude 81.9°E, about 20 km west of Jagdalpur (Chhattisgarh). Continuing to move nearly northwards, it weakened into a Well-Marked Low Pressure Area over central parts of Chhattisgarh & adjoining Odisha in the evening hours of 29th October. It lay as a Low Pressure Area over north Chhattisgarh & adjoining East Madhya Pradesh in the forenoon hours of 30th October and became less marked in the morning hours of 1st November.

It caused isolated **exceptionally heavy rainfall** over Odisha (Ganjam 55 cm) on 29th October, and isolated **extremely heavy rainfall** over Coastal Andhra Pradesh & Yanam on 29th October, Chhattisgarh on 30th October. **Very heavy rainfall** recorded at isolated places over Odisha on 30th October, Gangetic West Bengal on 31st October.

- **Very heavy rainfall** also recorded at isolated places over Telangana on 31st October Madhya Maharashtra on 2nd November. **Heavy rainfall** recorded at isolated places over Gangetic West Bengal, Jharkhand on 29th & 30th October, Chhattisgarh on 29th & 31st October & 4th November, Telangana on 29th October, Coastal Andhra Pradesh & Yanam on 30th & 31st October, Uttarakhand, Haryana, West Uttar Pradesh on 30th October, Sub-Himalayan West Bengal & Sikkim, Bihar on 31st October, Tamil Nadu, Puduchherry & Karaikal on 1st, 3rd & 4th November, Assam & Meghalaya, Odisha, Kerala & Mahe on 2nd November, Coastal Karnataka, South Interior Karnataka on 4th November.
- **Weekly Average Maximum temperature** was below normal by 3-5°C over many parts of east & adjoining central India, above normal by 2-4°C over parts of south peninsular India during first half of the week. It was nearly normal over remaining parts of the country during the week. **Weekly Average Minimum temperature** was above normal by 2-4°C over most parts of the country during the week.
- During the past week, rainfall was 96% above Long Period Average (LPA) over the country as a whole (Annexure I).
- Cumulatively from 1 October to 04 November 2026, the country as a whole had rainfall that was 30% below LPA (Annexure II).
- Details of weekly and cumulative rainfall distribution are given in Table 1.

Table 1: Rainfall status (Week and season)

Region	Week			Season		
	29.10.2026 TO 04.11.2026			**01.10.2026 TO 04.11.2026**		
	Actual (mm)	Normal (mm)	Departure (%)	Actual (mm)	Normal (mm)	Departure (%)
EAST & NORTHEAST INDIA	25.9	8.0	224%	63.8	127.2	-50%
NORTHWEST INDIA	6.1	2.2	177%	26.6	23.3	14%
CENTRAL INDIA	24.0	4.4	447%	32.2	59.5	-46%
SOUTH PENINSULA	27.0	32.6	-17%	140.2	171.5	-18%
THE COUNTRY AS A WHOLE	**19.4**	**9.9**	**96%**	**56.7**	**81.2**	**-30%**

2. Large-scale features:

- Currently, very strong El Nino conditions are prevailing over the Equatorial Pacific Ocean. The latest Monsoon Mission couple Forecast System (MMCFS) and other global climate model forecasts indicate that very strong El Nino conditions are likely during November - December 2026.
- Currently, the neutral Indian Ocean Dipole (IOD) is prevailing over the Indian Ocean. The latest Monsoon Mission Coupled Forecast System (MMCFS) and other global climate model forecasts indicate neutral IOD conditions are likely to continue during the post-monsoon season (till December,2026).
- The Madden Julian Oscillation (MJO) is currently in Phase 2 with amplitude more than 1. It is likely to continue in same phase during first half of week 1. Thereafter, it will move across phase 3 with amplitude more than 1, but, with a decreasing trend in amplitude. Thus, MJO is highly favourable for enhancement of convective activity/ Cyclogenesis

(formation of depressions over the Bay of Bengal (BoB) and Arabian Sea (AS) during both weeks.

3. Forecast for the next two weeks

Weather systems & associated Precipitation during Week 1 (05 to 11 November 2026) and Week 2 (12 to 18 November 2026)

Weather systems & associated Precipitation during Week 1 (05 to 11 November 2026):

Weather systems during Week 1:

- An upper air cyclonic circulation is likely to form around the southeast Bay of Bengal and adjoining Andaman Sea towards the end of the week 1 (around 11th November).
- Current feeble Western disturbance is likely to affect the western Himalayan region on 5th & move eastwards thereafter.
- Another western disturbance is likely to impact the western Himalayan region towards the end of Week 1.

Under the influence of the above systems, the following weather is likely:

- **Fairly Widespread to Widespread** rainfall likely over Tamil Nadu, Puducherry & Karaikal during 7th-8th November; over Andaman & Nicobar Islands during 8th-11th November. **Isolated to Scattered** rainfall likely over Tamil Nadu, Puducherry & Karaikal during 5th-6th November and during 9th-11th November; Coastal Andhra Pradesh & Yanam, Coastal Karnataka, Kerala & Mahe, Lakshadweep, Rayalaseema and South Interior Karnataka during 5th-11th November; North Interior Karnataka on 5th November; Telangana during 5th-7th November; Andaman & Nicobar Islands and Odisha during 5th-7th November; Gangetic West Bengal and Jharkhand during 9th-11th November; Jammu-Kashmir-Ladakh-Gilgit-Baltistan-Muzaffarabad on 5th November and on 10th November; Himachal Pradesh during 10th-11th November; Uttarakhand during 8th-9th November; Arunachal Pradesh on 5th November and during 9th-11th November; Assam & Meghalaya during 8th-11th November; Nagaland, Manipur, Mizoram & Tripura during 5th-11th November.
- Isolated **heavy rainfall** likely over Coastal Andhra Pradesh & Yanam and Tamil Nadu, Puducherry & Karaikal during 5th-11th November; Kerala & Mahe during 5th-8th November; South Interior Karnataka on 5th November; Andaman & Nicobar Islands during 9th-11th November; Jammu-Kashmir-Ladakh-Gilgit-Baltistan-Muzaffarabad on 10th November; Arunachal Pradesh during 9th-10th November; Assam & Meghalaya and Nagaland, Manipur, Mizoram & Tripura during 9th-11th November.
- Isolated **thunderstorm, lightning & gusty winds (speed reaching 30-40 kmph gusting to 50 kmph)** likely over Odisha during 5th-6th November; Coastal Andhra Pradesh & Yanam, Rayalaseema and Tamil Nadu, Puducherry & Karaikal during 5th-9th November; Telangana on 5th November. Isolated **thunderstorms & lightning** likely over Kerala & Mahe during 5th-9th November; Coastal Karnataka and Lakshadweep during 5th-6th November; South Interior Karnataka during 5th-7th November.
- Strong Surface Winds likely over Coastal Andhra Pradesh & Yanam and Rayalaseema during 5th-9th November
- **Below-normal rainfall is likely over some parts of south Peninsular India & near-normal over remaining parts of the country.**
- **Overall, for the country as a whole, the rainfall is likely to be below normal during the week.**

Weather systems & associated Precipitation during Week 2 (12 to 18 November 2026):

- Under the influence of past week's upper air cyclonic circulation, a low pressure area is likely to develop over southeast Bay of Bengal during first half of week 2 (around 13th

November). There is also low probability of its further intensification into a depression over southwest Bay of Bengal during middle of week 2 (around 15th November).

- A feeble Western Disturbance is likely to affect the Western Himalayan Region during the Week 2.

Precipitation during Week 2 (12 to 18 November 2026):

- Isolated heavy rainfall is likely over Tamil Nadu and Kerala during some days of Week 2.
- Above normal rainfall activity is likely over South Peninsular India and over the Western Himalayan region during the first half of the week, and near-normal rainfall activity is likely over South Peninsular India during the second half of Week 2. Below-normal rainfall activity is likely over the rest parts of the country.
- **Overall, for the country as a whole, the rainfall is likely to be normal to above normal during the first half of Week 2 and near normal during the second half of Week 2.**

Temperature forecast for Week 1 (05 to 11 November 2026) and Week 2 (12 to 18 November 2026)

Temperature forecast for Week 1 (05 to 11 November 2026):

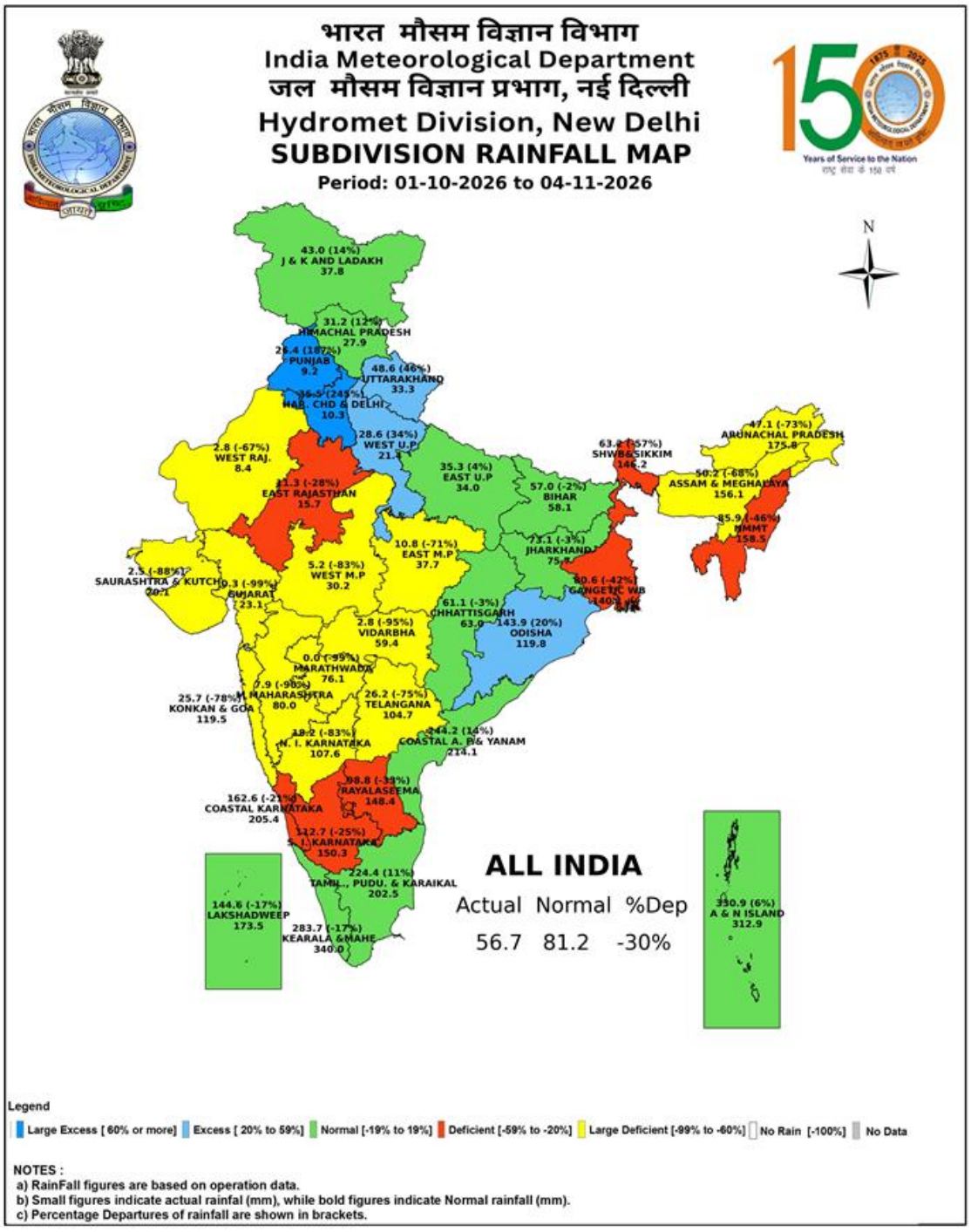
- Above normal weekly minimum temperature by (2-4°C) likely over some parts of Jammu & Kashmir, Ladakh and northeast India. Near-normal minimum temperatures are likely over remaining parts of the country. **(Annexure IV).**
- No probability of a cold wave over any part of the country during the week.

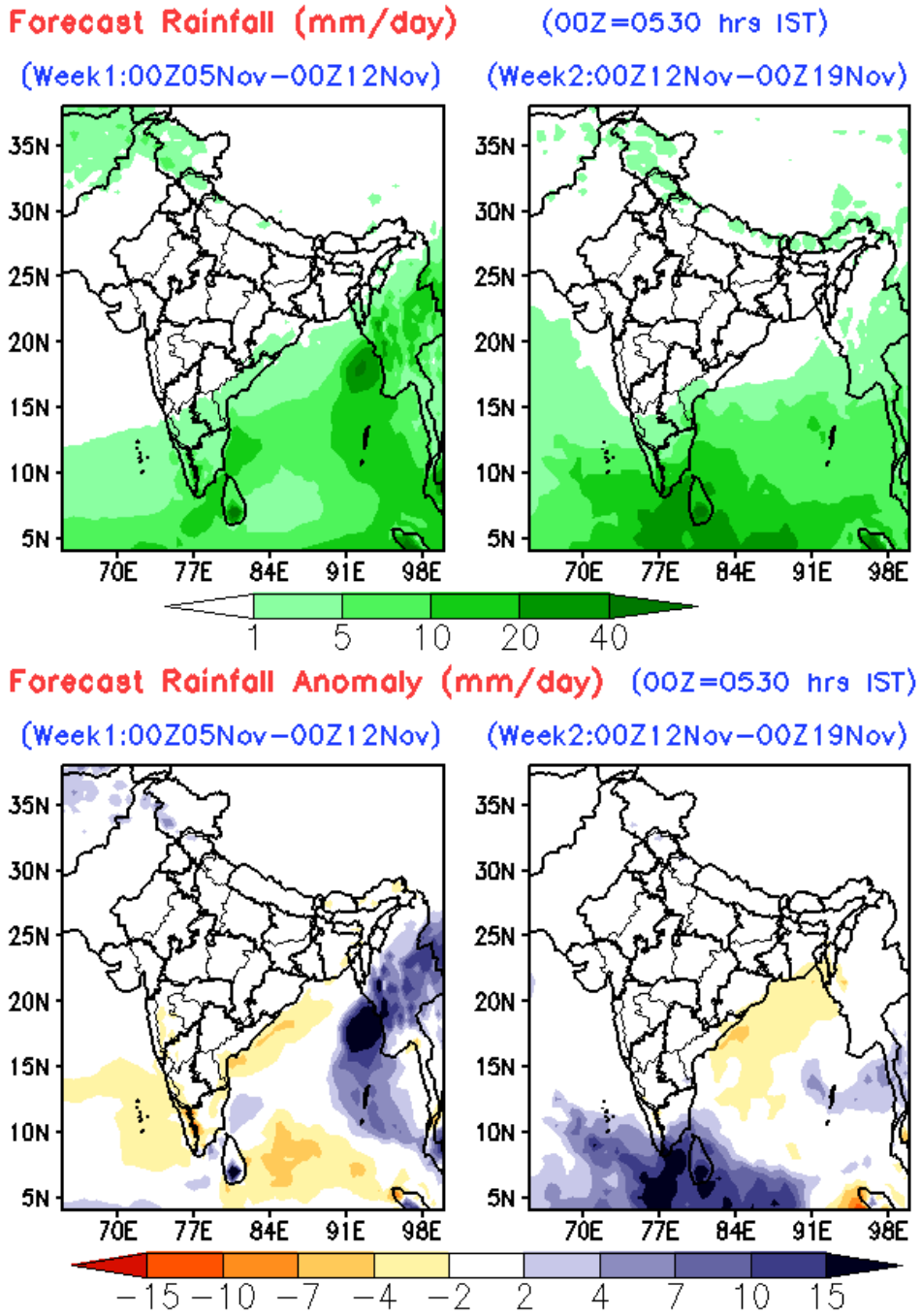
Temperature forecast for Week 2 (12 to 18 November 2026):

- Above normal weekly minimum temperature likely over some parts of Jammu & Kashmir, Ladakh and central India. Near-normal minimum temperature likely over remaining parts of the country. **(Annexure IV).**
- No probability of a cold wave over any part of the country during the week.

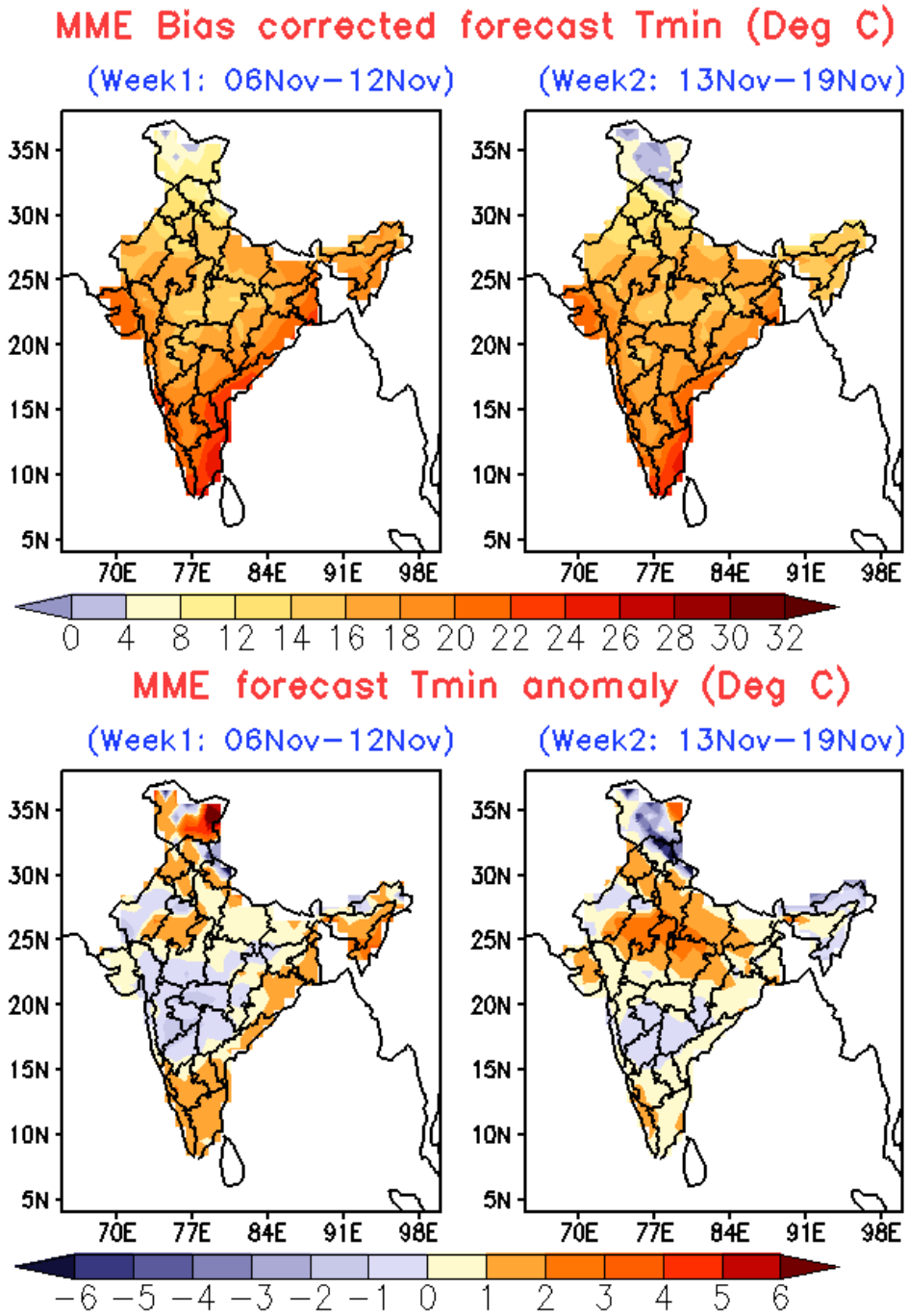
Advisories on the likely impacts and suggested actions for Heavy Rainfall/High temperatures/Heat Waves are provided in Annexure-V.


भारत मौसम विज्ञान विभाग
India Meteorological Department
जल मौसम विज्ञान प्रभाग, नई दिल्ली
Hydromet Division, New Delhi
SUBDIVISION RAINFALL MAP
Week: 29-10-2026 to 04-11-2026
Years of Service to the Nation
N
0.1 (-98%) J & K AND LADAKH 5.8
1.2 (-62%) HIMACHAL PRADESH 3.3
0.0 (-100%) PUNJAB 1.2
17.4 (521%) UTTARAKHAND 2.8
10.1 (822%) HAR. CHD & DELHI 1.1
0.0 (-100%) WEST RAJ. 0.9
10.8 (1097%) WEST U.P 0.9
20.9 (2883%) EAST U.P 0.7
6.1 (274%) EAST RAJASTHAN 1.1
9.7 (409%) EAST M.P 1.9
1.0 (-42%) WEST M.P 1.7
1.8 (-38%) SAURASHTRA & KUTCH 2.9
0.3 (-87%) GUJARAT 1.9
2.6 (-7%) VIDARBHA 2.8
0.0 (-100%) MARATHWADA 4.2
4.8 (4%) M.MAHARASHTRA 4.6
7.1 (23%) KONKAN & GOA 5.8
20.4 (42%) TELANGANA 14.4
3.4 (-56%) N. I. KARNATAKA 7.9
128.6 (151%) COASTAL A. R& YANAM 51.2
5.2 (-83%) RAYALASEEMA 29.6
10.8 (-53%) COASTAL KARNATAKA 23.0
5.5 (-76%) S. I. KARNATAKA 22.8
6.6 (-87%) TAMIL., PUDU. & KARAIKAL 51.1
14.4 (-77%) KEARALA &MAHE 61.3
9.8 (-73%) LAKSHADWEEP 36.8
20.2 (142%) SHWB&SIKKIM 5.9
5.3 (-48%) ARUNACHAL PRADESH 10.1
14.8 (56%) ASSAM & MEGHALAYA 9.5
16.2 (8%) NMMT 15.0
31.6 (2009%) BIHAR 1.5
47.6 (1060%) JHARKHAND 4.2
47.7 (372%) GANGETIC WB 10.1
55.8 (1229%) CHHATTISGARH 4.2
103.3 (700%) ODISHA 12.9
46.6 (-6%) A & N ISLAND 49.5
ALL INDIA
Actual Normal %Dep
19.4 9.9 96%
Legend
Large Excess [60% or more]
Excess [20% to 59%]
Normal [-19% to 19%]
Deficient [-59% to -20%]
Large Deficient [-99% to -60%]
No Rain [-100%]
No Data
NOTES :
a) RainFall figures are based on operation data.
b) Small figures indicate actual rainfal (mm), while bold figures indicate Normal rainfall (mm).
c) Percentage Departures of rainfall are shown in brackets.


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India Meteorological Department
जल मौसम विज्ञान प्रभाग, नई दिल्ली
Hydromet Division, New Delhi
SUBDIVISION RAINFALL MAP
Period: 01-10-2026 to 04-11-2026
150
Years of Service to the Nation
N
43.0 (14%) J & K AND LADAKH 37.8
31.2 (12%) HIMACHAL PRADESH 27.9
28.4 (187%) PUNJAB 9.2
48.6 (46%) UTTARAKHAND 33.3
36.5 (245%) HAR. CHD & DELHI 10.3
28.6 (34%) WEST U.P 21.4
2.8 (-67%) WEST RAJ. 8.4
11.3 (-28%) EAST RAJASTHAN 15.7
35.3 (4%) EAST U.P 34.0
57.0 (-2%) BIHAR 58.1
63.4 (-57%) SHWB&SIKKIM 146.2
47.1 (-73%) ARUNACHAL PRADESH 175.8
50.2 (-68%) ASSAM & MEGHALAYA 156.1
85.9 (-46%) NMMT 158.5
10.8 (-71%) EAST M.P 37.7
5.2 (-83%) WEST M.P 30.2
2.3 (-88%) SAURASHTRA & KUTCH 20.1
0.3 (-99%) GUJARAT 123.1
73.1 (-3%) JHARKHAND 75.4
80.6 (-42%) GANGETIC WB 140.1
61.1 (-3%) CHHATTISGARH 63.0
143.9 (20%) ODISHA 119.8
2.8 (-95%) VIDARBHA 59.4
0.0 (-99%) MARATHWADA 76.1
0.9 (-96%) M. MAHARASHTRA 80.0
25.7 (-78%) KONKAN & GOA 119.5
26.2 (-75%) TELANGANA 104.7
18.2 (-83%) N. I. KARNATAKA 107.6
244.2 (14%) COASTAL A. P& YANAM 214.1
98.8 (-33%) RAYALASEEMA 148.4
162.6 (-21%) COASTAL KARNATAKA 205.4
112.7 (-25%) S. I. KARNATAKA 150.3
224.4 (11%) TAMIL., PUDU. & KARAIKAL 202.5
144.6 (-17%) LAKSHADWEEP 173.5
283.7 (-17%) KEARALA &MAHE 340.0
ALL INDIA
Actual Normal %Dep
56.7 81.2 -30%
330.9 (6%) A & N ISLAND 312.9
Legend
Large Excess [60% or more]
Excess [20% to 59%]
Normal [-19% to 19%]
Deficient [-59% to -20%]
Large Deficient [-99% to -60%]
No Rain [-100%]
No Data
NOTES :
a) RainFall figures are based on operation data.
b) Small figures indicate actual rainfal (mm), while bold figures indicate Normal rainfall (mm).
c) Percentage Departures of rainfall are shown in brackets.



Extended range forecast of weekly distribution of rainfall in mm per day (top panel) and anomalies (lower panel) from IMD MME



Extended range forecast of weekly distribution of Minimum Temperature in °C (top panel) and anomalies (lower panel) from IMD Bias Corrected Forecast

Impact Expected and Action Suggested due to heavy rainfall:

- Isolated **heavy rainfall** likely over Coastal Andhra Pradesh & Yanam and Tamil Nadu, Puducherry & Karaikal during 5th-11th November; Kerala & Mahe during 5th-8th November; South Interior Karnataka on 5th November.

Impact expected:

- Breaking of tree branches, uprooting of small trees like banana, papaya, drum sticks. Strong wind and rain may damage plantation, horticulture and standing crops.
- Partial damage to vulnerable structures due to strong winds and rain.
- Minor damage to kutcha houses/walls, huts and roads due to heavy rain.
- Loose objects may fly.
- Small ships, trawlers and boats may be affected.
- Road and rail traffic may be affected due to heavy rain and squally winds.
- There could be localised landslides, mudslides, landslips, water logging, inundation and flooding over low lying areas.
- Occasional reduction in visibility due to heavy rainfall.
- Helicopter services may get affected.

Action suggested:

- People are advised to keep a watch on the weather for worsening conditions and be ready to move to safer places accordingly.
- Take safe shelters; do not take shelter under trees, as there could be lightning.
- In case of expected lightning, unplug electrical/ electronic appliances, immediately, get out of water bodies and keep away from all the objects that conduct electricity.
- Tourism and recreational activities to be regulated.
- Onshore and offshore activities to be judiciously regulated.
- Helicopter services to be regulated.

Agromet advisories for likely impact of Heavy Rainfall

- In **Coastal Andhra Pradesh**, drain excess rainwater from fields of rice, cotton, red gram, maize, sugarcane, groundnut, sorghum, pearl millet, turmeric, ginger and vegetables and plantations of banana, papaya and coffee to prevent waterlogging. Lift lodged plants of rice and sugarcane wherever feasible and provide support to prevent further damage. Withhold sowing of maize, green gram, black gram, sorghum, chickpea and groundnut in waterlogged fields until excess rainwater drains and the soil reaches optimum moisture conditions. Provide mechanical support to banana and papaya plantations and stake young plants and vegetables.
- In **Tamil Nadu**, provide adequate drainage and drain excess water from rice, maize and casuarina and provide mechanical support to banana plantations. Open field drains immediately to prevent root zone waterlogging in sugarcane.
- In **Keralam**, ensure proper drainage in standing crop fields. Undertake transplanting of *rabi* rice only when field conditions are suitable. Prepare well-drained planting pits for banana. Provide support to banana and papaya plantations and stake young plants and vegetables wherever required to minimise damage from gusty winds.
- In **Telangana,** drain out excess rainwater from rice, maize and cotton fields to prevent waterlogging. Support lodged rice plants by bundling to keep them upright and spray 5% salt (sodium chloride) solution on panicles wherever necessary to prevent the sprouting of matured grains.
- In **South Interior Karnataka**, maintain proper drainage in rice, ginger and other standing crops. Harvest matured crop immediately wherever feasible and shift the

already harvested produce to safer places. Provide mechanical support to banana and papaya plantations and stake young plants and vegetables in areas exposed to gusty winds.

Agromet advisories for likely impact of Thunderstorm / Gusty Winds

- Shift the harvested produce in safer places or cover the produce with tarpaulin sheets in the fields. Tie the harvested crops securely and cover them to minimize the risk of displacement from strong surface winds.
- Provide mechanical support to horticultural crops and staking or support to vegetables and young fruit plants / fruit-bearing plants to avoid lodging due to strong winds.

Advisories for likely impact of Heavy Rainfall for Livestock / Poultry / Fisheries

- Keep the animals inside the shed during heavy rainfall and provide them balanced feed.
- Store the feed and fodder in a safe place to prevent spoilage.
- Construct an outlet with proper netting around the ponds to drain excess water, thereby preventing fish from escaping in the event of overflow.